The Senate Education and Youth Committee offered the following substitute to SB 167:

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to education, so as to address various issues impacting students in public schools in this state, including student data, student competencies, and student testing; to provide for a public process to review changes to content standards in core subjects; to provide for legislative findings; to provide for the establishment of Content Standards Advisory Councils; to authorize the councils to review content standards, assessments, and data collection policies; to provide for subcommittees; to provide for public hearings and public input; to provide for recommended changes; to provide for timelines; to prohibit the state from relinquishing any control over content standards or assessments; to provide for flexibility; to provide for short titles; to establish limitations and requirements regarding student data; to provide for definitions; to provide for limitations on the collection of student information; to provide for limitations on the disclosure of personally identifiable information to third parties; to provide for penalties and enforcement; to provide for related matters; to provide for an effective date; to provide for applicability; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

16 PART I
17 **SECTION 1-1.** 

This part shall be known and may be referred to as the "Act to Restore Educational Authority to Georgia Citizens."

**SECTION 1-2.** 

21 The General Assembly finds that:

22 (1) The state should establish first-class competencies and content standards that will provide a broad liberal arts education and lead to educated citizens equipped to preserve

a self-governing republic of free people who are prepared for postsecondary education and a career; and

(2) In determining such competencies and content standards, there should be strong citizen participation in the process.

**SECTION 1-3.** 

Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to education, is amended by revising Code Section 20-2-141, relating to the review of competencies and core curriculum, as follows:

"20-2-141.

- (a) The State Board of Education shall review content standards in each of the four core subject areas of mathematics, English language arts, science, and social studies establish at least once every four five years a review of the adopted competencies and uniformly sequenced core curriculum by a task force broadly representative of educational interests and the concerned public. After considering the findings and recommendations of the task force, the state board shall make such changes in the student competencies lists and core curriculum as it deems in the best interest of the state and its citizens and shall report such proposed changes to local school systems and the General Assembly for review. The state board shall propose changes to such content standards as it deems in the best interest of students, their parents, teachers, and taxpayers.
- (b) The state board shall establish and implement a process in accordance with the requirements of this Code section which includes that:
  - (1) The state board shall review relevant research in the core subject area under review and identify the content standards where revision is appropriate;
  - (2) The state board shall examine content standards for such core subject area which have been previously or are currently adopted by Georgia or by other states or countries, with preference given to states that had standards which were highly rated in national surveys of state standards before 2010 and to states and countries with highly rated internationally competitive test results;
  - (3) Through an open and transparent process, the state board shall solicit interested persons who are eligible to be appointed to and serve on an advisory council convened pursuant to subsection (c) of this Code section. The state board shall submit all such names to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and Speaker of the House of Representatives for their consideration for appointment; and
  - (4) The state board shall report its proposed changes to content standards for a core subject area to such advisory council. Upon receipt of the state board's proposed changes to content standards, the Council shall immediately begin its review, which may include

review of other content standards within the same subject area, state-wide criterion-referenced assessments related to the same subject area, or data collection policies; provided, however, that nothing shall preclude the Council from commencing any review as soon as the Council members are appointed.

- (c)(1) On a biennial basis, a Content Standards Advisory Council ('Council') shall be convened pursuant to this subsection to review proposed changes by the state board to content standards in core subject areas. Each Council convened pursuant to this subsection shall exist for a term of two years and shall review a specified subject area in each year of its two-year term. The Council shall be composed of 15 members as follows:
  - (A) Nine parent or grandparent representatives, representing public school students; the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each appoint three parent or grandparent representatives, one representative each from the elementary school level, one representative each from the middle school level, and one representative each from the high school level;
  - (B) Three private-sector representatives, appointed by the Governor; and
  - (C) Three postsecondary content specialist education representatives, appointed by the Governor. As used in this subparagraph, the term 'postsecondary content specialist' means someone currently employed or retired, who has taught the subject content at least five years in a postsecondary institution and having an advanced degree, preferably a doctorate, in the subject of study. Specifically, it means English for English language arts standards, mathematics or statistics for mathematics standards, natural sciences and engineering for science standards, and government, economics, history, or political philosophy for social studies standards. Advanced degrees in education of the subject, such as mathematics education or science education, do not qualify for the purpose of this subparagraph.
- (2) Council members shall possess a bachelor's degree in at least one of the subject areas under review during such member's two-year term or a related subject area at a minimum and have appropriate experience and credentials, as determined by the appointing official. All members of the Council shall be residents of the State of Georgia for at least six months prior to appointment. To the extent possible, the Council shall include balanced representation from urban, suburban, and rural areas and representation from each congressional district. The Council shall elect a chairperson and vice chairperson from among its membership.
- (3) Council members shall serve a two-year term and may be reappointed once. In the event of a vacancy, such member shall be replaced within 30 days of such vacancy in the

same manner as the original appointment made pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection.

- (4) The Council shall establish subcommittees to help carry out its duties and responsibilities under this Code section. Such subcommittees shall include Council members and other appropriate individuals knowledgeable and experienced in the subject area under review, including, but not limited to, retired or currently employed early-childhood development professionals, K-5 content specialists, grades 6-8 content specialists, grades 9-12 content specialists, certified K-5 teachers, certified grades 6-8 teachers, and certified grades 9-12 teachers and postsecondary content specialists. Each subcommittee shall elect a chairperson and co-chairperson.
- (5) Council members and subcommittee members shall be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses in the same manner as provided for in Code Section 45-7-21. Subject to appropriations, non-public-sector members may receive an honorarium for their services and local school systems may be reimbursed for the cost incurred in hiring substitute teachers in the absence of educators serving on a subcommittee. Council members and subcommittee members, as well as any members of their families or their business entities, shall not have conflicts of interest with regard to actions taken by the Council and shall not accept any money, meals, trips, gifts, or any other favors from any person, business, or organization that would benefit, financially or otherwise, from actions taken by the Council.
- (d) Any and all meetings conducted by the state board, the Council, or subcommittees of the Council at which content standards are discussed or decided upon shall be subject to Chapter 14 of Title 50, relating to open and public meetings; provided, however, that this shall not apply to assessment instruments reviewed or discussed pursuant to subsection (i) of Code Section 20-2-281.
- (e) Prior to the 90 day period provided for in subsection (g) of this Code section, the state board shall:
  - (1) Post all proposed changes to content standards on the Department of Education website;
  - (2) Submit all proposed changes to content standards to the Council, Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Speaker of the House of Representatives, chairperson of the Senate Education and Youth Committee, chairperson of the House Committee on Education, and each local school system. Upon receipt of proposed changes from the state board, each local school system shall notify the parents or guardians of its students that proposed content standards are available for review on the department website; and
  - (3) Submit all proposed changes to content standards to the president of each public postsecondary institution in this state. Upon receipt of proposed changes from the state

133 board, the president of each public postsecondary institution in this state shall provide an 134 electronic copy of the proposed changes to the appropriate school deans, department 135 heads, or both, as appropriate, so that, for purposes of illustration only, proposed changes 136 to English language arts standards shall be sent to the heads of English departments. 137 High school mathematics standards shall be sent to the heads of departments of 138 mathematics, engineering, physical and biological sciences, and computer science. 139 (f) The state board shall provide a 90 day period for public review and comment on its 140 proposed content standards and on any other content standards in the same subject area. 141 Within such 90 day period: 142 (1) Each state board member shall conduct at least one public hearing and shall provide 143 notice of such hearing by issuing a press release to print and broadcast media serving the 144 congressional district and providing notice to each local school system within the 145 congressional district. Upon receipt of such notice, each local school system shall notify 146 parents and guardians of all students of such public hearing. The state board shall 147 provide at least one week's notice to each state legislator who represents a portion of the 148 congressional district. The Council shall use its best efforts to have Council members 149 present at each hearing. The state board shall cause minutes of the hearings to be taken 150 and shall distribute such minutes to all state board members and Council members within 151 ten business days of each such public hearing; 152 (2) The state board shall solicit feedback on the proposed content standards or on any 153 other content standards in the same subject area from teachers, parents, and other 154 stakeholders through the development, posting, and advertisement of an online survey 155 and shall accept any comments received via e-mail or United States mail. The state board 156 shall also solicit feedback from appropriate content related organizations, associations, and agencies. All feedback received by the state board shall be made available to the 157 158 Council; and 159 (3) The Senate Education and Youth Committee and the House Committee on Education 160 may each hold additional public hearings to provide additional opportunity for public 161 comments on the proposed changes and shall submit to the Council any public comments 162 received from the hearings. 163 All public comments received by the state board in the 90 day period shall be part of the 164 public record and shall be maintained by the Department of Education and available for review for at least six years. 165 166 (g) The Council and its subcommittees shall review the proposals made by the state board 167 and the feedback received pursuant to subsection (f) of this Code section and, with any 168 needed assistance from the department, propose changes to the state board's proposed

content standards as it deems appropriate. Any proposed changes by the Council shall be

submitted to the state board by the Council in the form of a written report no later than 60 days after the expiration of the 90 day period for public review provided in subsection (f) of this Code section. The Council and its subcommittees shall also have the discretion to review and make recommendations on any related content standards in the same subject area, on any state-wide assessments administered pursuant to Code Section 20-2-281 which are criterion-referenced assessments relating to the subject area under review, and on any data collection policies of the Department of Education or Office of Student Achievement. (h)(1) Simultaneously with submitting the written report to the state board pursuant to subsection (g) of this Code section, the Council, through the department, shall provide an electronic copy of the changes proposed by the Council to all members of the Senate Education and Youth Committee and House Committee on Education, to each local school system, and to the president of each public postsecondary institution in this state, and shall make such proposed changes available to the public via Internet posting on the department website.

- (2) Upon receipt of proposed changes from the Council, each local school system shall again notify the parents or guardians of its students that proposed content standards are available for review on the department website.
- (3) Upon receipt of proposed changes from the Council, the president of each public postsecondary institution in this state shall provide an electronic copy of the proposed changes to the appropriate school deans, department heads, or both in the same manner as provided in paragraph (3) of subsection (e) of this Code section.
- (i) After receipt of the revised proposed content standards from the Council, the state board shall take into consideration the recommendations of the Council, and the state board, in an open public meeting, shall make changes to the content standards as it deems in the best interest of students, their parents, teachers, and this state's citizens. The adoption of content standards pursuant to this Code section shall not be subject to Article 1 of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.' The state board shall report such approved content standards to local school systems and the General Assembly and post such approved content standards in an easily accessible location on the department website.
- (j) The requirements contained in this Code section shall apply to all content standards in accordance with a timetable established by the state board; provided, however, that the review of content standards in mathematics shall be completed no later than May 31, 2015, and implemented no later than the beginning of the 2016-2017 school year, and the review of content standards in English language arts shall be completed no later than May 31, 2016, and implemented no later than the beginning of the 2017-2018 school year. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the state board from accelerating the timetable or

207 conducting the review of two subject areas in the same year or prohibit a local board of
208 education from implementing the revised mathematics content standards in the 2015-2016
209 school year."

**SECTION 1-4.** 

Said title is further amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:

<u>"20-2-141.1.</u>

- (a) Beginning on the effective date of this Code section, the State of Georgia shall retain sole control over the development and revision of the content standards established pursuant to Code Section 20-2-140 and no content standards shall be adopted or implemented except in accordance with the procedures required by Code Section 20-2-141; provided, however, that such required procedures shall not apply to courses developed and submitted by local boards of education for approval by the state board. On and after the effective date of this Code section, the state shall not adopt any federally prescribed content standards or any national content standards established by a consortium of states or a third party, including, but not limited to, the Next Generation Science Standards, the National Curriculum for Social Studies, the National Health Education Standards, or the National Sexuality Standards.
- (b) No official of the State of Georgia, whether elected or appointed or representing the state in any capacity, shall join, on behalf of the state or a state agency, any consortium, association, or entity or enter into a binding agreement, when such membership or agreement would relinquish any measure of control over standards and assessments, to any individual or entity outside the state.
- (c) The Department of Education shall annually submit to the General Assembly a detailed report of all grants, including federal, private, or from other sources, that the department has applied for or received and of all outside funding that the department has received. The report shall include:
  - (1) Long-term projections of unfunded costs for both state and local governments for at least a 12 year period;
  - (2) The purpose and effect of the program, including its effect on and interrelationship with any existing program currently operating within this state;
  - (3) Justification for the program and peer reviewed research, if any, that validates the effectiveness of the program; and
- (4) Any negative effects on the constitutional rights of Georgia citizens, including their right to exercise control over education.
- 241 (d) All state-wide K-12 tests and assessments shall be controlled by the State of Georgia 242 without any obligation to other entities, states, consortia, or the federal government and

shall not be designed to test national standards or rebranded national standards or be based on any standards established by a consortium of states or a third party, including but not limited to the Next Generation Science Standards, the National Curriculum for Social Studies, the National Health Education Standards, or the National Sexuality Standards. The state shall not relinquish any binding control over testing as a condition of receiving a grant. On and after the effective date of this Code section, criterion assessments developed pursuant to Code Section 20-2-281 shall be aligned with the content standards revised pursuant to Code Section 20-2-141 for each subject area. Until such new assessments are developed, the state board shall use elementary, middle, and high school level criterion assessments which progress toward revised content standards."

**SECTION 1-5.** 

Beginning September 24, 2014, a local school system shall have the flexibility to determine its curriculum and instruction without constraint, including returning to curriculum and instruction aligned to the former Georgia Performance Standards that were in effect in June 2010, until the completion of the revision process established pursuant to this part and the establishment of new standards pursuant to such process. Further, local school systems may elect to use discrete mathematics and to adopt reading lists, instructional materials, and support materials. Following the adoption of content standards pursuant to the process established in Code Section 20-2-141, local school systems may sequence, expand, and enrich the content standards to the extent deemed necessary and appropriate for its students and communities.

264 PART II
265 **SECTION 2-1.** 

This part shall be known and may be cited as the "Student Right to Privacy Act."

**SECTION 2-2.** 

Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to education, is amended by adding a new article to Chapter 1, relating to general provisions, to read as follows:

270 "<u>ARTICLE 3</u>

271 <u>20-1-30.</u>

(a) As used in this article, the term:

273 (1) 'Affective computing' means systems and devices that can or attempt to recognize, 274 interpret, process, or simulate aspects of human feelings or emotions.

- (2) 'Biometric data' means a record of one or more measurable biological or behavioral characteristics that can be used for automated recognition of an individual, including fingerprints, retina and iris patterns, voiceprints, DNA sequence (including newborn screening information), and facial characteristics.
- (3) 'Cloud computing service' means a service that enables on-demand network access to a shared pool of configurable computing resources, such as networks, servers, storage, applications, and services, to provide a student, teacher, or school personnel account based productivity applications such as e-mail, document storage, and document editing that can be rapidly provisioned and released with minimal management effort or interaction with a cloud computing service provider. A cloud computing service has the characteristics of on-demand self-service, broad network access, resource pooling, rapid elasticity, and measured service.
- (4) 'Cloud computing service provider' means an entity, other than an education institution, that operates a cloud computing service.
  - (5) 'Department' means the Georgia Department of Education.

governing board of a charter school in this state.

- (6) 'Education institution' means any public early care and learning program, elementary or secondary school, or governing board of a charter school in this state.
  - (7) 'Education program' means a program of instruction administered by a state agency or education institution within this state.
  - (8) 'Interpersonal resources' means noncognitive, emotional, and psychological characteristics and attributes and skills used to manage relationships and interactions between or among individuals.
  - (9) 'Intrapersonal resources' means noncognitive, emotional, and psychological characteristics and attributes used to manage emotions and attitudes within an individual.

    (10) 'Local school system' means any local board of education, local school system, or
  - (11) 'Psychological resources' means noncognitive, emotional characteristics, attributes, and skills, including mindsets, learning strategies, and effortful control, used by an individual to address or manage various life situations.
  - (12) 'State agency' means the Georgia Department of Education, the State Board of Education, the Education Coordinating Council, the Office of Student Achievement, the Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning, the Georgia Student Finance Commission, the Georgia Student Finance Authority, the Georgia Professional Standards Commission, any regional educational service agency, or any other state pre-K through

309 grade 12 education related entity, including any education related foundation or nonprofit 310 entity established by Georgia statute or which derives its authority from Georgia statutes. 311 (13) 'Student data base' means the Georgia Statewide Longitudinal Data System 312 established pursuant to Code Section 20-2-320, including the GA AWARDS data system, the K-12 Statewide Longitudinal Data System, or any other system or data warehouse 313 314 providing substantially the same function which collects, houses, or maintains data on 315 Georgia students in pre-kindergarten through postsecondary education, including 316 regional, interstate, or federal data warehouse organizations under contract to or with a 317 memorandum of understanding with the Georgia Department of Education, the Office of 318 Student Achievement, or other state education entity. 319 (14) 'Work force information' means information related to unemployment insurance, 320 wage records, unemployment insurance benefit claims, or employment and earnings data 321 from work force data sources, such as state wage records, the Wage Record Interchange 322 System (WRIS), or the federal Employment Data Exchange System (FEDES). 323 (15) 'Written consent' means signed and dated consent in written form or by electronic 324 signature given prior to the data collection or disclosure and specifically consenting to 325 the collection or disclosure of specific data. 326 (b) As used in this article, the terms 'disclosure,' 'education records,' 'eligible student,' 327 'parent,' 'party,' 'personally identifiable information,' 'record,' and 'student' shall have the 328 same meaning as those terms are defined in the regulations (34 C.F.R. Part 99.3) 329 promulgated under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act as of January 1, 2014. 330 20-1-31. 331 (a) Unless explicitly required by federal law, no student or family information may be 332 collected by a state agency, local school system, or education institution without the written 333 consent of parents, guardians, or eligible students unless the data is directly related to the educational needs of the student. The following information is not considered directly 334 335 related to the educational needs of the student: 336 (1) Kindergarten through grade 12 student biometric data, except as may be necessary 337 to facilitate the instruction of special needs students or students participating in school 338 physical education and athletic programs; 339 (2) Any data collected via affective computing, including analysis of facial expressions, 340 EEG brain wave patterns, skin conductance, galvanic skin response, heart-rate variability, 341 pulse, blood volume, posture, and eye-tracking; 342 (3) Student or family religious affiliation or beliefs;

(5) Student or family member sexual orientation or beliefs about sexual orientation;

(4) Student or family political affiliation or beliefs;

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(6) Student or family gun ownership;

(7) Kindergarten through grade 12 student or family income data, except information necessary to determine eligibility for, to facilitate participation in, or to receive financial assistance under a scholarship, free-or-reduced-lunch, or other financial-assistance program; or

- (8) Kindergarten through grade 12 student or family social security numbers, except as otherwise authorized by law.
- (b) Unless explicitly required by federal law, a local school system shall not allow the following information regarding its students to be entered into any state-wide student longitudinal data base without the written consent of parents, guardians, or eligible students:
  - (1) Medical, health, and mental health records, except immunization records required by state law, records needed or created by a school based health program for administering prescription drugs or otherwise treating a student at school, records needed or created by a school based counselor when a student seeks counseling while at school, or fitness assessments conducted pursuant to Code Section 20-2-777;
  - (2) Student or family workforce information, except information related to work based learning, technical, or industry-certificate programs participated in for academic credit or as used for an audit, evaluation, or compliance activity in connection with a state-supported education program provided that parents and eligible students may opt out from any personally identifiable data being disclosed for the purposes of such audits, evaluations, or compliance activities;
  - (3) Any psychological data (including any resulting from classroom, education institution, local school system, state, or national assessments) that measure psychological resources, attributes, dispositions, social skills, attitudes, or interpersonal or intrapersonal resources; provided, however, that this shall not include special education assessments; or
  - (4) Any data developed through predictive modeling, except information necessary for dropout-prevention programs and as necessary for evaluation of education programs relating to student proficiencies as measured in pre-K through grade 12 education or to predict student success in higher education.
- (c) No funds, whether from federal or private grants or other sources, shall be used on construction, enhancement, or expansion of any student data base that does not comply with the provisions of this Code section, that is designed to collect and store student data that tracks students beyond their kindergarten through grade 12 or postsecondary education or compile their personal, nonacademic information beyond what is necessary for either administrative functions directly related to the student's education or evaluation of

academic programs and student progress, or that is used for an audit, evaluation, or compliance activity in connection with federal or state supported education programs.

(d) No state agency, local school system, or education institution shall pursue or accept any grant, whether from the federal government or any private entity, that would require the collection or reporting of any types of student data in violation of subsection (a) or (b) of this Code section.

(e)(1) No later than August 1, 2014, state agencies, local school systems, and education institutions shall publicly and conspicuously disclose on their websites the type of personally identifiable information from education records maintained by such state agencies, local school systems, or education institutions, directly or through contracts with outside parties, and the types of education records that are transferred to cloud computing service providers. This disclosure shall be updated within 30 days of any change. Local school systems and education institutions shall annually notify parents and eligible students of such website posting which may be accomplished through prominent posting on the website and notice through local media. Such posting shall also include a telephone number or e-mail address that parents may access to ask questions. State agencies shall also provide annual electronic notification of this information to the chairpersons of the Senate Education and Youth Committee and House Committee on Education. Such disclosure and electronic notifications shall include information for parents or eligible students regarding the process to request a copy of the education record pertaining to that student contained in the student data base, the required response time, and the process to contest its content pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection. (2) Within 30 days of a request to a local school system, parents and eligible students shall be provided a printed copy of the student's education records that are in a student data base and shall have the right to correct the records in such data base in a manner that is consistent with requirements of state and federal law.

20-1-32.

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(a) Except as otherwise authorized by this Code section, access to education records in the student data base shall be restricted to the authorized representatives of the state agency, local school system, or education institution who require such access to perform their assigned duties. No individual shall be designated an authorized representative for such purposes unless he or she is employed by or under contract with the designating state agency, local school system, or education institution.

(b)(1) Personally identifiable information from an education record shall not be disclosed to a party conducting research or studies for or on behalf of such state agencies or

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education institutions unless the parent, guardian, or eligible student has had reasonable notice of the right to opt out.

- (2) Any outside party conducting research or a study as described in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall comply with the requirements of subsection (d) of this Code section in order to receive any records.
- (3) Each state agency and education institution shall develop and publish criteria for the approval of research related data requests from state and local government agencies, the General Assembly, academic researchers, and the public.
- (c) Before conducting any audit or evaluation of an education program or conducting any compliance or enforcement activity in connection with legal requirements that relate to state or local school system supported programs, the state agency, local school system, or education institution shall specify the federal or state legal authority for the audit, evaluation, or compliance or enforcement activity. In conducting any audit or evaluation of an education program or conducting any compliance or enforcement activity in connection with legal requirements that relate to state or local school system supported education programs, when such audit, evaluation, or activity involves access to personally identifiable student information, education records may be released only to authorized representatives of the government auditor or evaluator or the outside auditing agency or firm. No party may be designated an authorized representative of such government auditor or evaluator or the outside auditing agency or firm unless that individual is a staff member of the government auditor or evaluator or outside auditing agency or firm. No outside auditing agency or firm shall conduct any audit or evaluation that involves access to personally identifiable student information unless it certifies in writing that it will comply with the terms and conditions set forth in subsection (d) of this Code section. Results of such audit or evaluation shall be posted on the website of the state agency, local school system, or education institution administering the education program that is the subject of the audit or evaluation.
- (d) State agencies, local school systems, and education institutions shall not disclose personally identifiable information from education records without the written consent of parents or eligible students to a contractor, consultant, or other party to whom the state agency, local school system, or education institution has outsourced services or functions unless that outside party:
  - (1) Performs a service or function which would otherwise be performed for the state agency, local school system, or education institution by its employees, provides cloud computing services, or is an authorized representative who conducts studies for, or on behalf of, the state agency, local school system, or education institution to develop, validate, or administer predictive tests as necessary for predicting student proficiency as

454 measured in pre-K through grade 12 education, to predict success in higher education, to administer student aid programs, or to improve instruction; 455 456 (2) Limits internal access to education records to those individuals who require access 457 to those records for completion of the contract; 458 (3) Does not use the education records for any purposes other than those explicitly 459 authorized in the contract; 460 (4) Does not disclose any personally identifiable information from education records to 461 any other party unless required by statute or court order and the party provides a notice 462 of the disclosure to the state agency, local school system, or education institution that 463 provided the information no later than the time the information is disclosed, unless 464 providing notice of the disclosure is expressly prohibited by the statute or court order; 465 (5) Maintains reasonable administrative, technical, and physical safeguards to protect the 466 security, confidentiality, and integrity of the personally identifiable student in its custody; 467 (6) Uses encryption technologies to protect data while being transmitted or in its custody 468 from unauthorized disclosure using a technology or methodology specified by the 469 Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services in guidance 470 issued under Section 13402(h)(2) of Public Law 111-5; 471 (7) Conducts a security audit at least annually but more often for contracts of short 472 duration and provides the results of that audit to each state agency, local school system, 473 or education institution that provides education records; 474 (8) Provides the state agency, local school system, or education institution with a breach 475 remediation plan acceptable to the state agency, local school system, or education 476 institution before initial receipt of education records; 477 (9) Reports all suspected or actual security breaches to the state agency, local school 478 system, or education institution that provided education records and to parents of affected 479 students and to eligible students as soon as possible but not later than 48 hours after a 480 suspected or actual breach was known or would have been known by exercising 481 reasonable diligence; 482 (10) Is under the direction of the state agency, local school system, or education 483 institution pursuant to a contract with respect to the use and maintenance of education 484 records; 485 (11) Pays all costs and liabilities incurred by the state agency, local school system, or education institution related to any security breach or unauthorized disclosure, including 486 but not limited to the costs of responding to inquiries about the security breach or 487

unauthorized disclosure, of notifying subjects of personally identifiable information about

the breach, of mitigating the effects of the breach for the subjects of the personally

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490 identifiable information, and of investigating the cause or consequences of the security 491 breach or unauthorized disclosure; and 492 (12) Destroys or returns to the state agency, local school system, or education institution 493 all personally identifiable information in its custody upon request and at the termination 494 of the contract. Destruction of documents and data shall be performed in compliance 495 with the National Institute of Standards and Technology Special Publication 800-88, 496 Guidelines for Media Sanitation. 497 (e) All contracts entered into with a contractor, consultant, or other party which are subject 498 to subsection (d) or (i) of this Code section shall be posted on the website of the state 499 agency, local school system, or education institution. (f)(1) Information from education records, whether consisting of personally identifiable 500 501 information or not, shall not be sold to any party for any reason or disclosed to any party 502 for a commercial use, including but not limited to marketing products or services; 503 compilation of lists for sale or rental; development of products or services; creation of 504 individual, household, or group profiles; employment suitability checks; background 505 checks; or insurance rate determinations. 506 (2) A state agency, local school system, or education institution that contracts with a 507 cloud computing service provider shall enter into an agreement with such provider that 508 includes the following terms: 509 (A) The types of data to be transferred or collected, including whether data will be 510 collected directly from students and whether the provider will track students' use of the 511 services; 512 (B) Prohibition on the provider's redisclosure of information from education records, 513 or use of such information for any secondary purposes that benefit the provider or any 514 third party, including but not limited to online behavioral advertising, creating or 515 correcting an individual or household profile primarily for the provider's benefit, the sale of the data for any commercial purpose, or any other similar commercial for-profit 516 517 activity; provided, however, that a cloud computing service provider may process or 518 monitor student data solely to provide such service to the state agency, local school 519 system, or education institution, and to maintain the integrity of such service; 520 (C) A requirement that all access over the Internet to education records and student 521 data shall be through a secure encrypted protocol, such as, but not limited to, Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure; and 522 (D) A requirement that all servers that house education records and student data be 523 524 either solely dedicated to such education records and student data or be provisioned in 525 such a manner that no entity other than the applicable state agency, local school system, 526 or education institution could obtain access to such records and data.

527 (3) Any cloud computing service provider that enters into an agreement pursuant to 528 paragraph (2) of this subsection shall certify in writing to the state agency, local school 529 system, or education institution that it will comply with the terms and conditions set forth 530 in subsection (d) of this Code section and that the state agency, local school system, or 531 education institution maintains ownership of all student data. 532 (4) Any student data stored by a cloud computing service provider shall be stored within 533 the boundaries of the United States. (g) Personally identifiable information from education records shall not be disclosed to any 534 535 noneducation related government agency, including but not limited to the Georgia 536 Department of Labor, whether within or outside the state, or to any party that intends to use 537 or disclose the information or data for the purpose of workforce-development or economic 538 planning unless used for an audit, evaluation, or compliance activity in connection with 539 federal or state supported education programs; provided, however, that this shall not apply 540 to disclosure of records relating to children in the care or custody of a state agency, whether 541 within or outside the state, including children in foster care and youth in the custody of the 542 Department of Juvenile Justice. 543 (h)(1) Subject to the provisions of subsections (b), (c), (d), and (f) of this Code section, 544 and except when a student is classified as a migrant for federal reporting purposes, 545 personally identifiable information from education records shall not be disclosed to any 546 government agency or other entity outside the state without the written consent of the 547 parent or eligible student. 548 (2) If the United States Department of Education demands, as a condition of making a 549 federal education grant, personally identifiable information, without the written consent 550 of the parent or eligible student, the grant recipient shall provide written notification to 551 those parents and eligible students of the following: 552 (A) That the grant recipient has been required to disclose the student's information to 553 the United States Department of Education; 554 (B) That neither the grant recipient nor any other entity within the State of Georgia will 555 have control over use or further disclosure of that information or data; and 556 (C) The contact information, including the name, telephone number, and e-mail 557 address of the United States Department of Education official who demands the 558 disclosure. 559 (i)(1) Student data shared with any testing contractor by state agencies, local school 560 systems, or education institutions shall be limited to the following:

(A) Student identifier number, name, grade level, and other information directly related

to test performance, such as previous test scores, provided that no biometric data and

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no psychological data of any kind is part of that information unless required pursuant to the federal Individual with Disabilities Education Act; and

- (B) Student demographic information only as necessary for producing annual accountability reports under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), Public Law 107-110; and
- (C) Aggregate data with no identifiable student information.
- (2) Demographic data collected under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of this Code section may be collected at the time of test administration, after department approval of the data-collection form, or may be transferred to the testing contractor directly from the state data base. Only fields directly required for producing ESEA accountability reports may be transferred.
- (3) The testing contractor shall acknowledge in writing that ownership of the student data remains with the state agency, local school system, or education institution that contracts for the testing contractor's services, and the testing contractor shall not disclose the data to any other entity without written permission of that state agency, local school system, or education institution.
- (4) No state agency, local school system, or education institution shall permit a testing contractor to share any student data with any noneducation entities, or with any education entities not under contract with the state agency, local school system, or education institution.
- (5) The testing contractor may disclose to the United States Department of Education aggregate reports required under ESEA after receiving written authorization from the department.

587 <u>20-1-33.</u>

(a) Each violation of any provision of Code Section 20-1-32 by a contractor, consultant, or other party that has entered into a contract with a state agency, local school system, or education institution and is subject to the provisions of this article shall, for a first violation, be punishable by a civil penalty of up to \$5,000.00; a second violation shall be punishable by a civil penalty of up to \$10,000.00 and may result in permanent disqualification by the state agency, local school system, or education institution from access to education records; and a third and any subsequent violation shall be punishable by a civil penalty of up to \$20,000.00 and shall result in permanent disqualification by the state agency, local school system, or education institution from access to education records. For a third and any subsequent violation, each violation involving a different individual education record or a different individual student shall be considered a separate violation for purposes of civil penalties under this subsection.

600	(b) The Attorney General shall have the authority to enforce compliance with this article
601	by investigation and subsequent commencement of a civil action, to seek civil penalties for
602	violations of this article, and to seek appropriate injunctive relief, including but not limited
603	to a prohibition on obtaining personally identifiable information for an appropriate time
604	period. In carrying out such investigation and in maintaining such civil action, the
605	Attorney General is authorized to subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, examine
606	them under oath, and require that any books, records, documents, papers, or electronic
607	records relevant to the inquiry be turned over for inspection, examination, or audit, in
608	accordance with Chapter 11 of Title 9, the 'Georgia Civil Practice Act.'
609	(c) Nothing contained in this Code section shall be construed as creating a private right of
610	action against a state agency, a local board of education, an education institution, or an
611	employee of any such agency, board, or institution."

612 PART III

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**SECTION 3-1.** 

- (a) This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law without such approval.
- (b) Part II of this Act shall apply to school years beginning with the 2014-2015 academicyear.

618 **SECTION 3-2.** 

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.